

Wright
Laboratory



WISCONSIN
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON



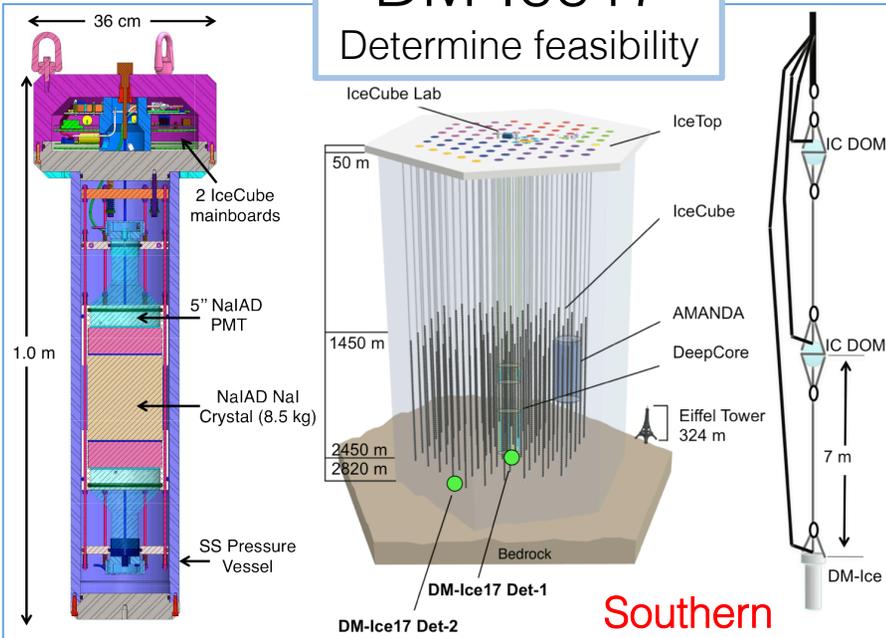
Muon-Induced Backgrounds in DM-Ice17

Antonia Hubbard
for the DM-Ice collaboration

University of Wisconsin - Madison

DM-Ice

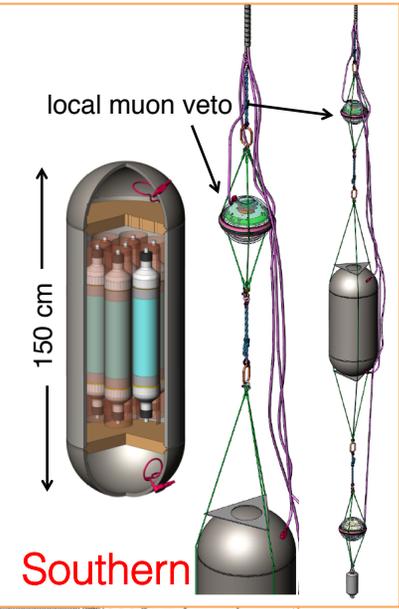
DM-Ice17
Determine feasibility



Southern

DM-Ice is a phased program that will run in both hemispheres to test the dark matter interpretation of the DAMA modulation

DM-Ice250
Set limits

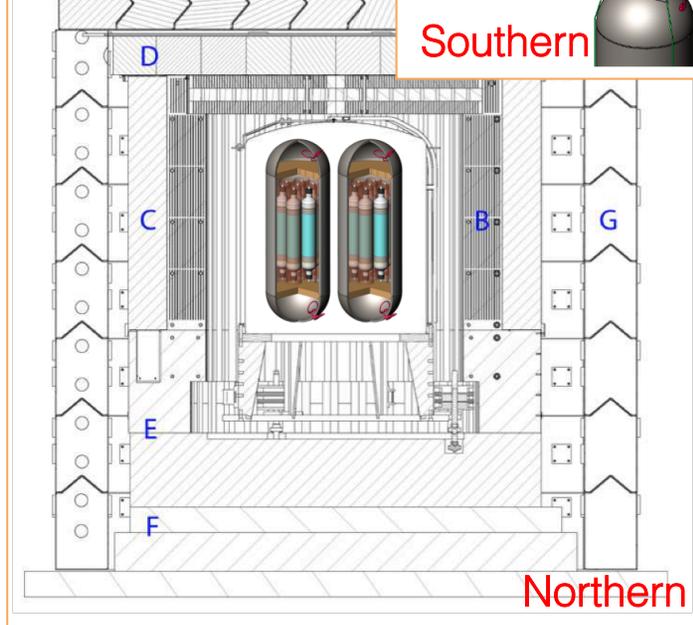


Southern

DM-Ice37
Detector R&D



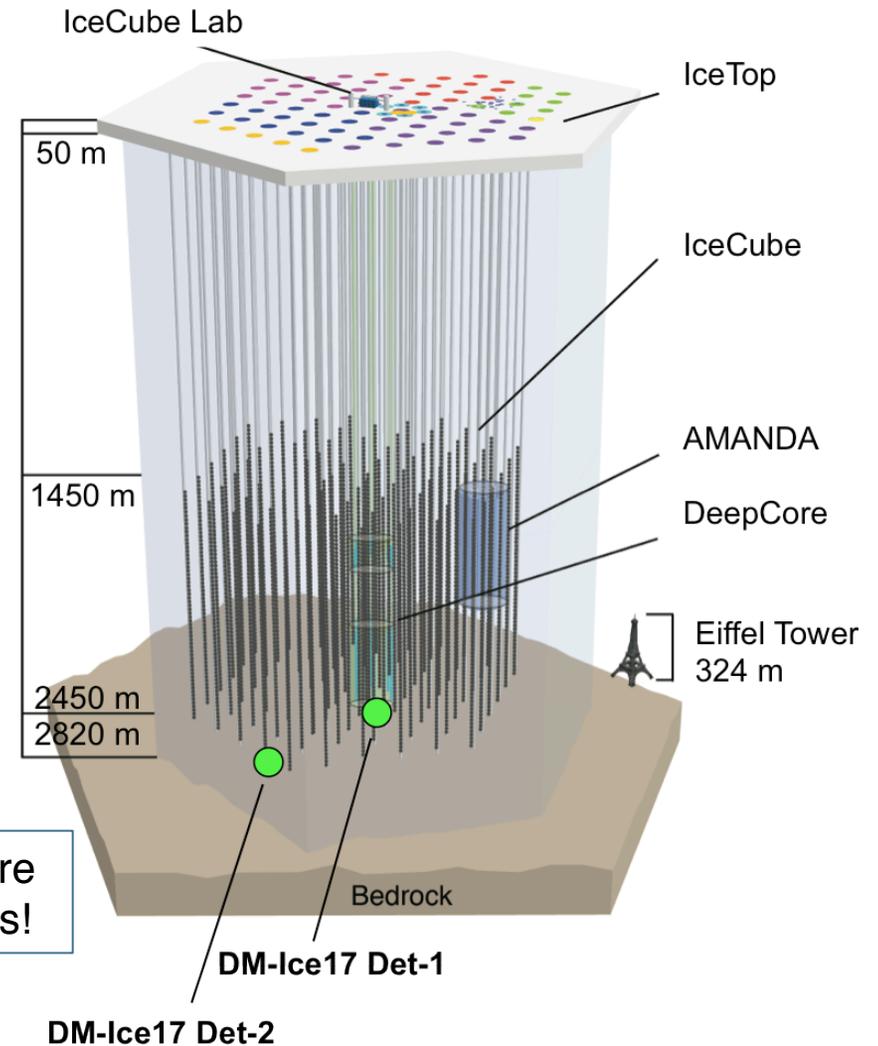
Northern



Northern

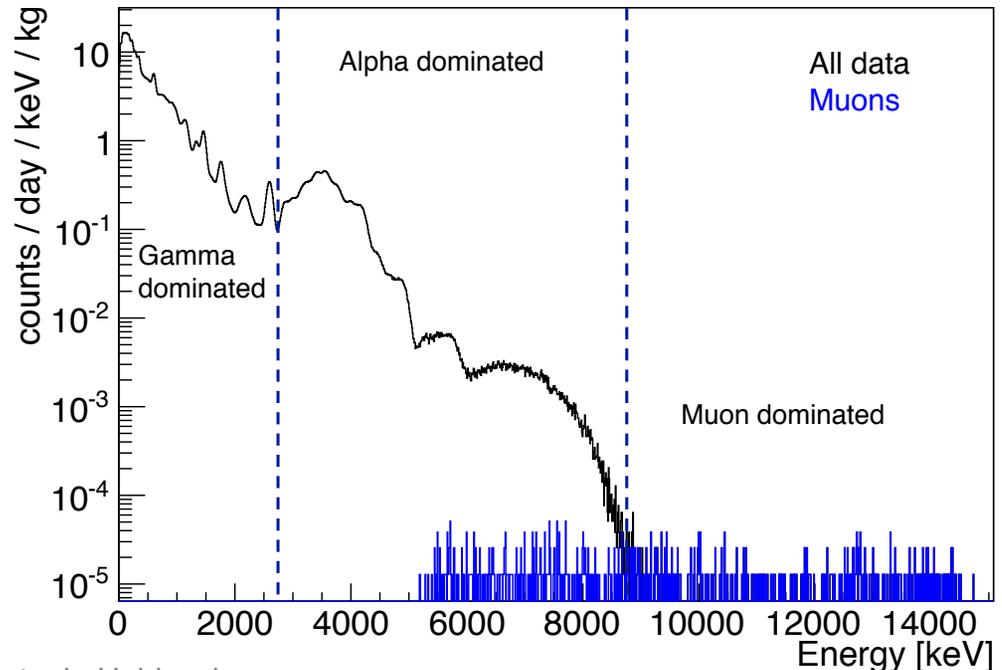
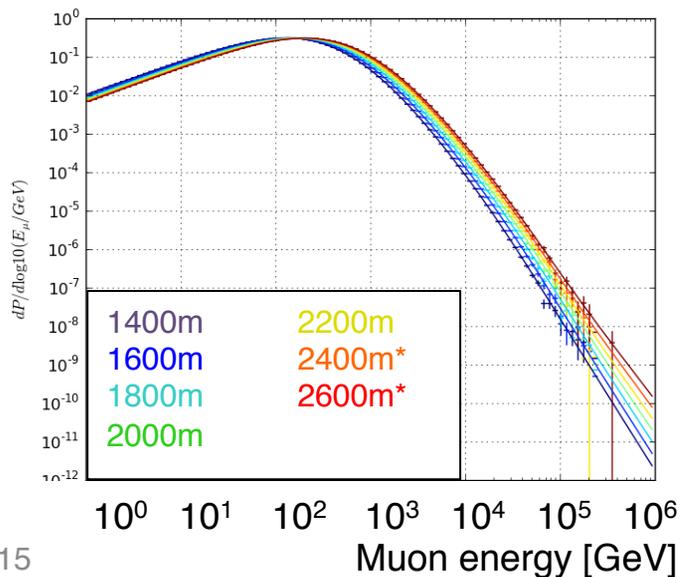
DM-Ice17 and IceCube

- DM-Ice17
 - Deployed December 2010
 - Located in IceCube volume
 - 2450 m deep
 - 2 detectors
 - 5" dia. x 6" NaI(Tl) crystals
 - Optically isolated from ice
 - 2 PMTs/crystal
- IceCube
 - 5160 PMTs in 1km³
 - 1500 – 2500 m deep
 - Neutrinos: up-going
 - Atm. muons: down-going



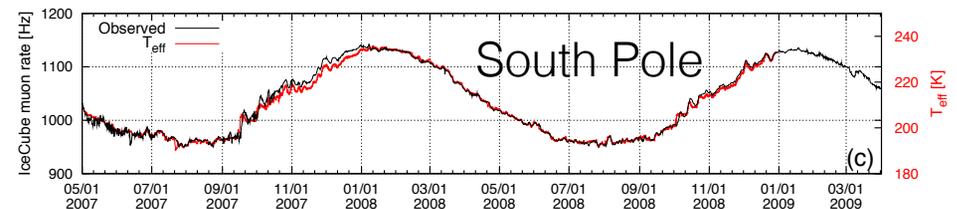
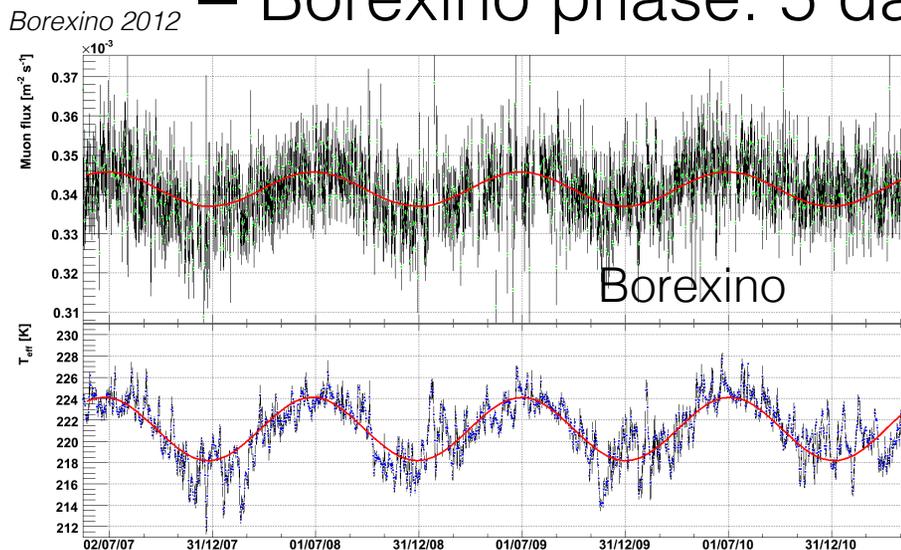
Muon Background

- Backgrounds: internal and atmospheric muons
- $\sim 2\text{-}3$ muons/crystal/day
 - 5'' crystals, optically isolated from the ice
- MIP energy deposition (~ 80 MeV)
 - $100\text{-}10^4$ GeV muons
 - Highly quenched



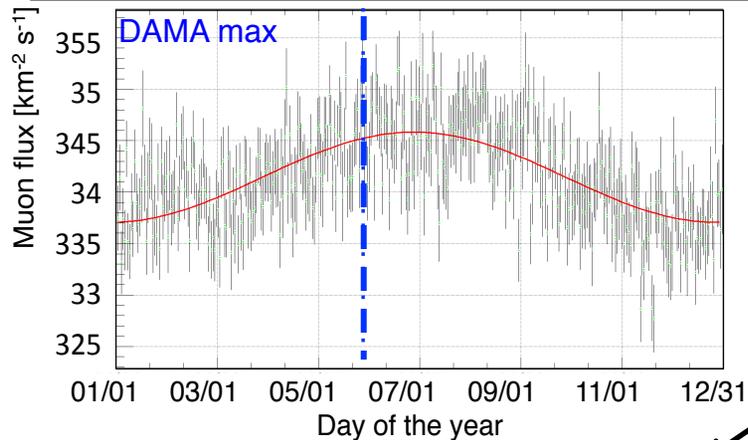
Muon Modulation

- Muon production follows atmospheric temp.
 - Opposite phase in each hemisphere
- Imperfect sine creates phase uncertainty
 - Uneven rise and fall; yearly variations
 - Introduces over 10 days of uncertainty
 - Borexino phase: 5 days from temperature phase



Desiati- ICRC 2009

DAMA Controversy: Muons



Argument: The DAMA signal may be muons or muon-induced neutrons. *Blum 1110.0857*

Counter: No. The muon rate is not high enough, and it is out of phase with the modulation. *Bernabei 1202.4179, Fernandez-Martinez 1204.5180*

Counter: A second modulation could combine with muons to be in phase with DAMA. *Davis 1407.1052*

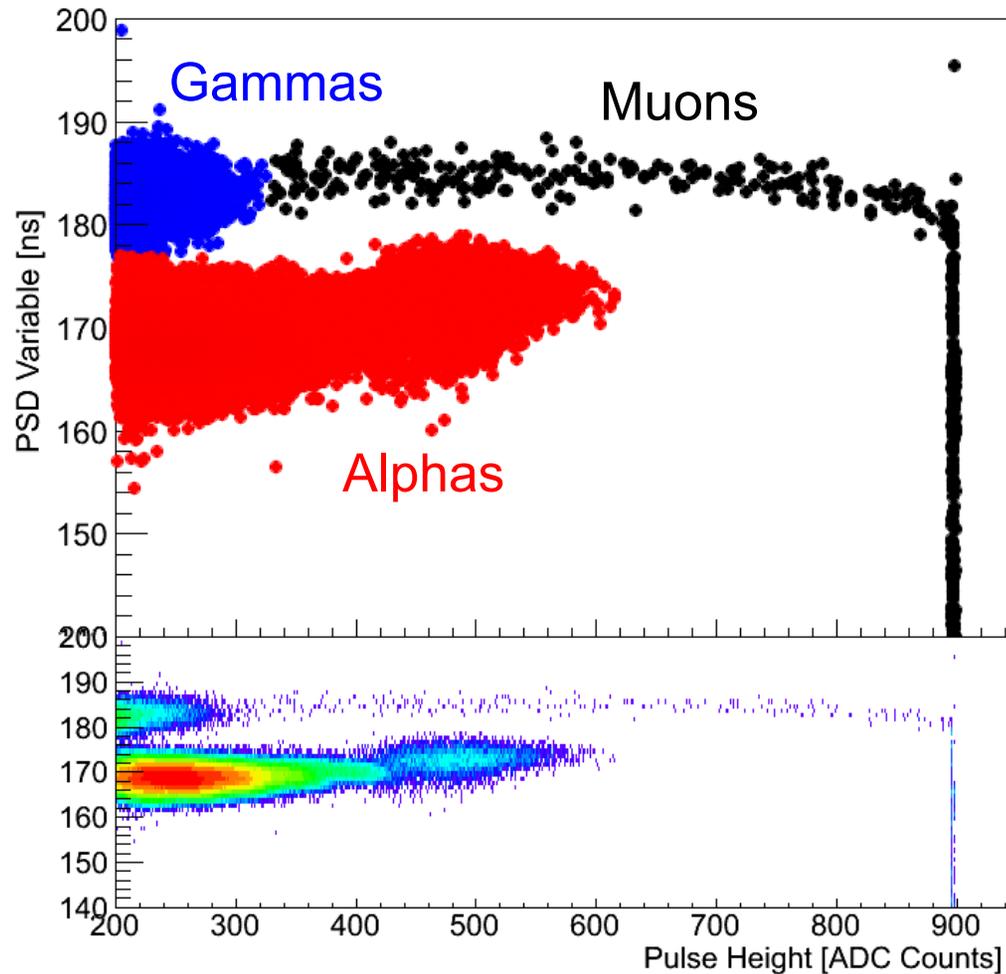
Counter: The muon signal may be amplified by cascades of events following muons. *Nygren 1102.0815*

Counter: No second modulation has been shown to produce this. *Bernabei 1409.3516, Klinger 1503.07225*

Counter: This has not been observed in DAMA. *Bernabei 1202.4179*

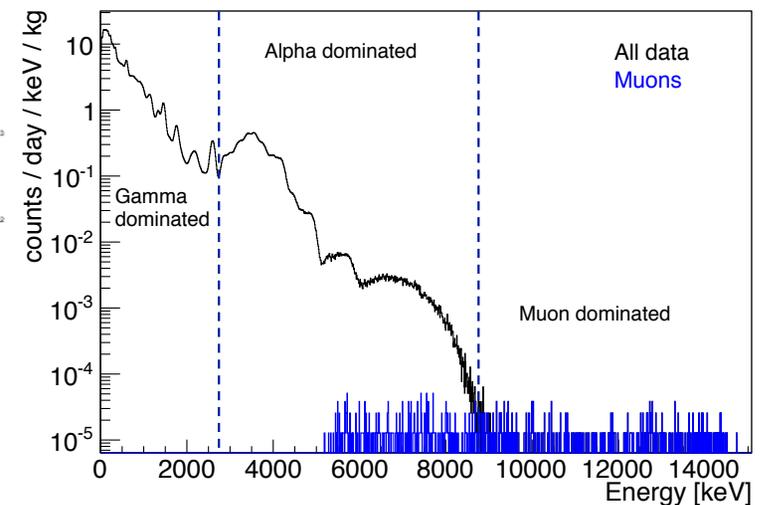
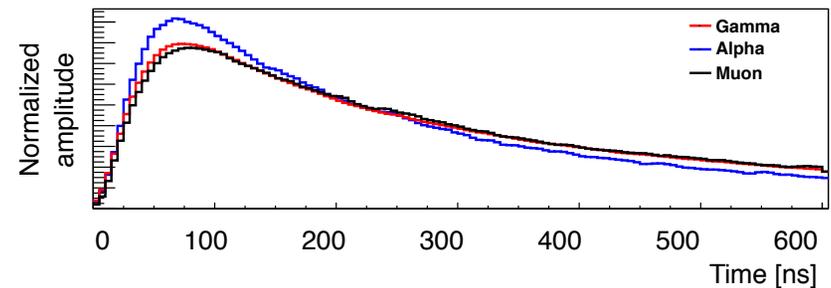
New annual modulation experiments must understand their muon backgrounds!

Muon Identification



Muons are identified with their high energy depositions and pulse shape variable using the pulse height (h_i) at time (t_i):

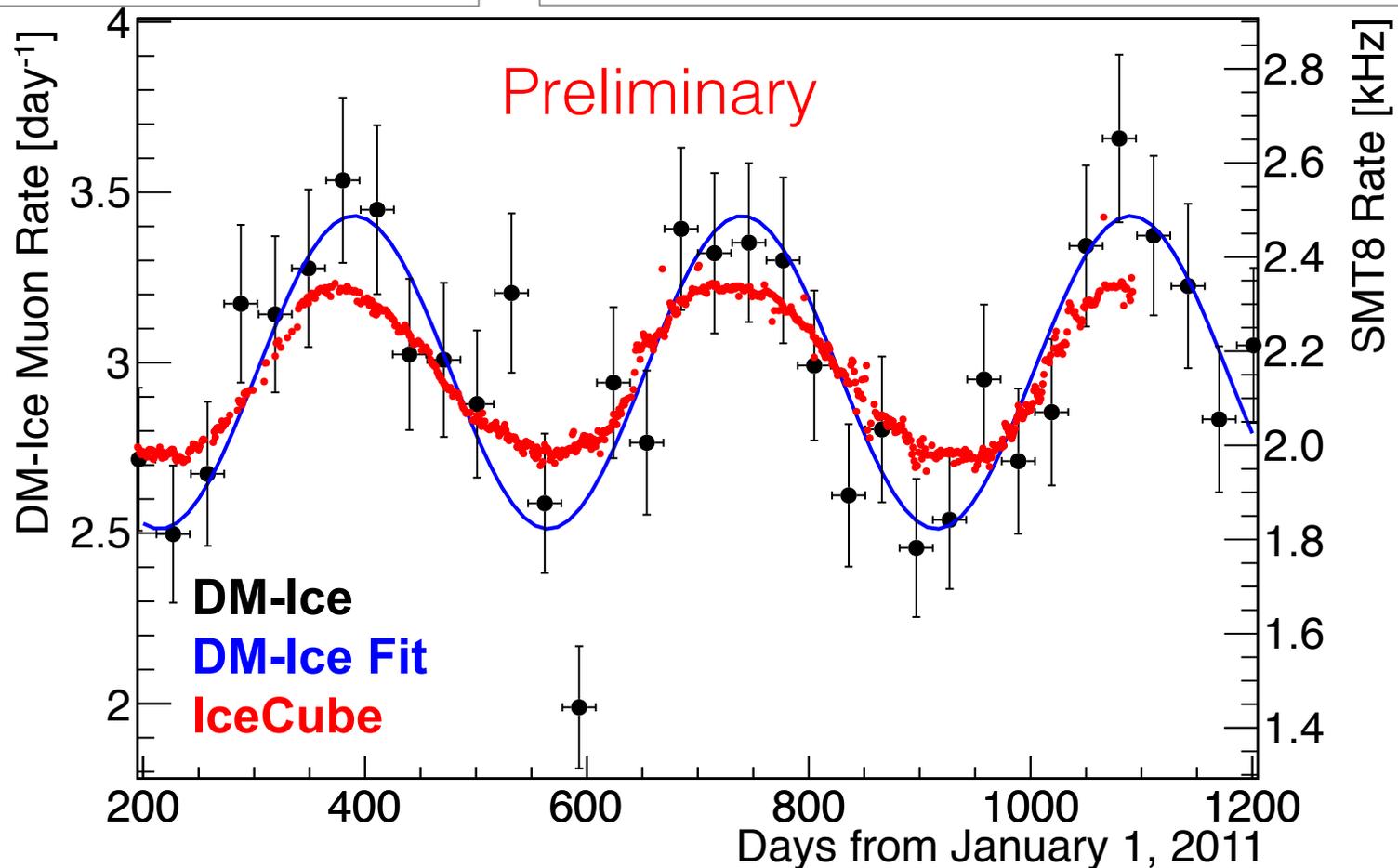
$$\tau = \frac{\sum h_i t_i}{\sum h_i}$$



Muon Modulation

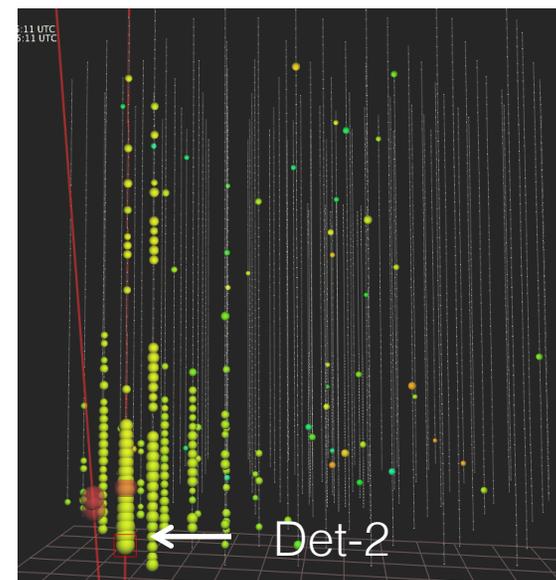
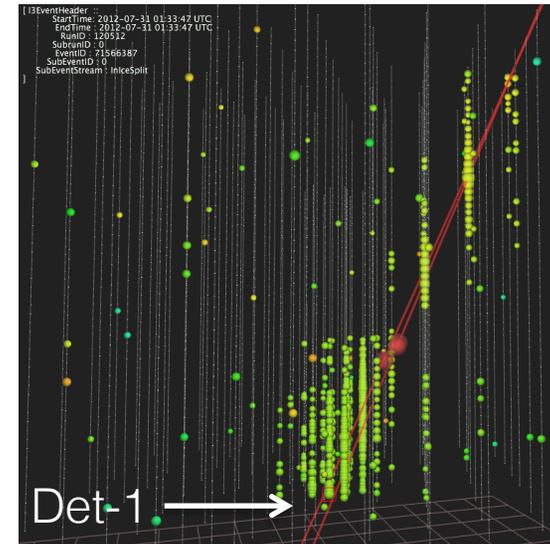
DM-Ice17: 15% modulation
IceCube: 8% modulation
LNGS: 2% modulation

DM-Ice17, at the bottom of IceCube, sees a higher energy muon sample, leading to a higher fractional modulation amplitude

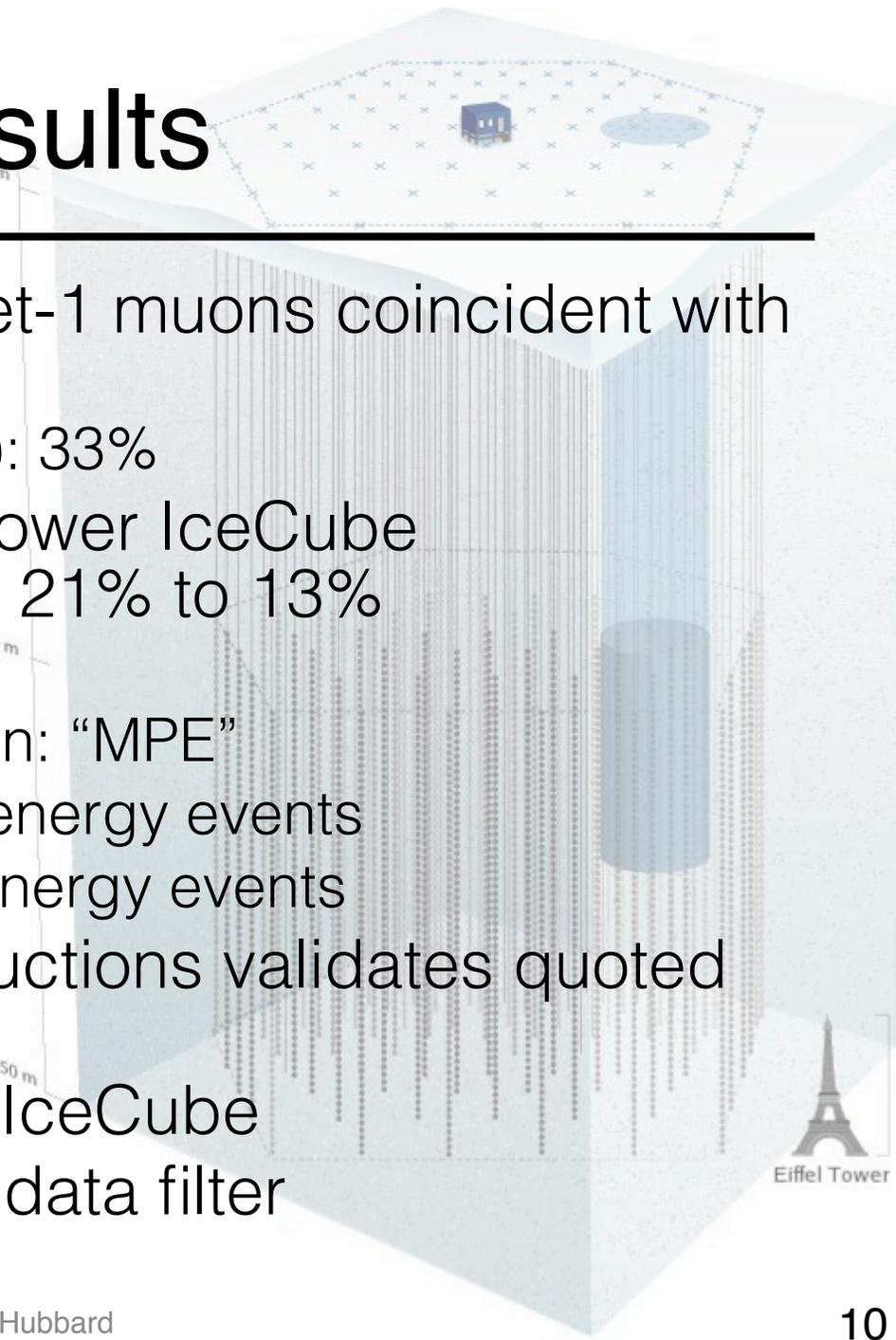


Strength of IceCube Coincidence

- Validates DM-Ice17 muon tag and provides new muon information
 - Verify identification
 - Energy, direction
- Provides IceCube with a novel calibration tool
 - Known $\sim 5'' \times 6''$ volume in which to restrict the track
 - Confirms reconstruction resolution



Coincidence Results



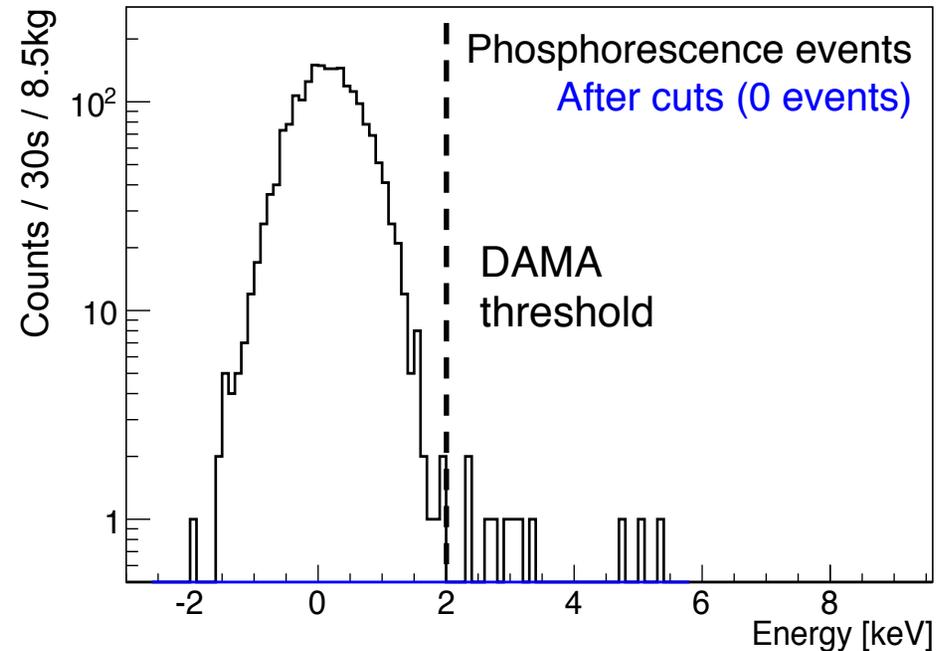
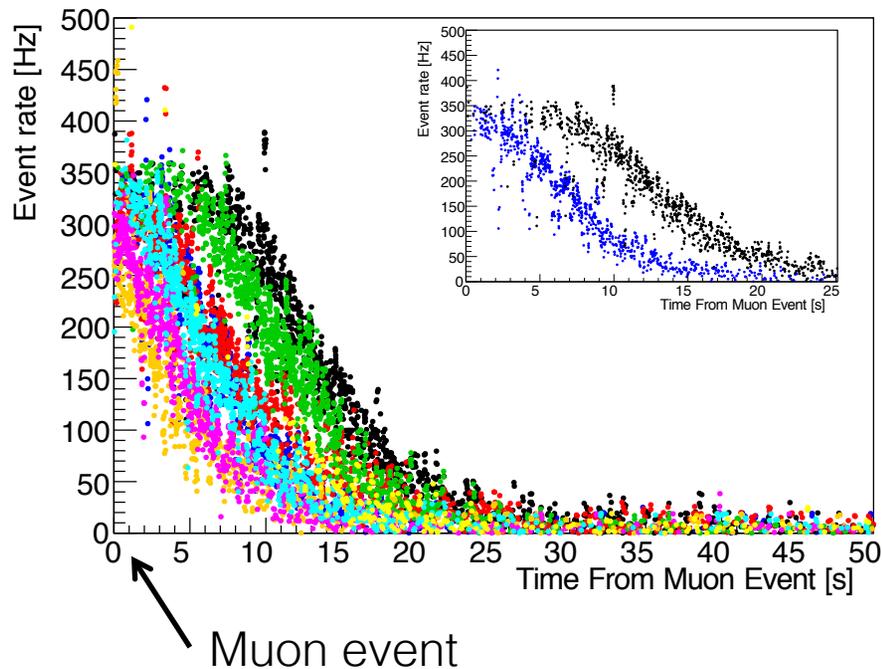
- Up to 93% of DM-Ice Det-1 muons coincident with IceCube events
 - Det-2 (edge of detector): 33%
- “Seeding” with DM-Ice lower IceCube misreconstructions from 21% to 13%
 - Det-1: 17% → 6.3%
 - Traditional reconstruction: “MPE”
 - More effective with low energy events
 - Small changes in high energy events
- Comparison of reconstructions validates quoted resolution
- Open data sharing with IceCube
- Future plans: DM-Ice17 data filter

Muon-Induced Phosphorescence

The 2% highest energy muons each induce 100s of low energy events following the muon event

Timing characteristics: 9 ± 2 s decay
Normal rate: 2.5 Hz
DAQ saturation visible ~ 300 Hz

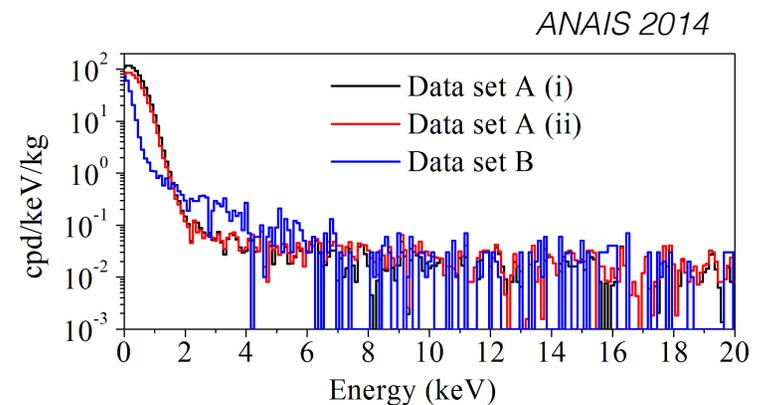
Energy characteristics: no events pass noise cuts (EMI and peak finding); predominantly < 2 keV



Phosphorescence and Dark Matter

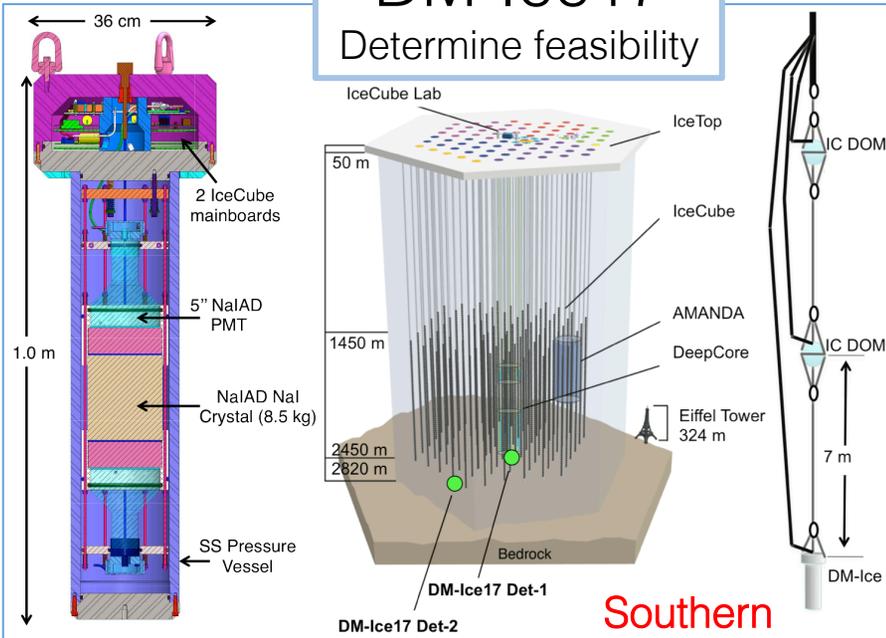
- Concern about phosphorescence inducing a low energy modulation in phase with muons
 - David Nygren proposed this could be the DAMA modulation
 - This could amplify the effect of a muon modulation *arXiv:1108.0815*
- DM-Ice17: phosphorescence looks like noise and is removed
- DAMA: 500 μ s deadtime after all events
- Phosphorescence often discussed in NaI(Tl) literature
 - Previous experiments have observed decays from μ s – 45 days

Experiment	Phos. decay time	Phos. energies
DM-Ice17	9 s	< 2 keV
ANAIS	70-100 ms	< 20 keV
St. Gobain	Minutes – hours	6-10 keV
DAMA	N/A	N/A



DM-Ice

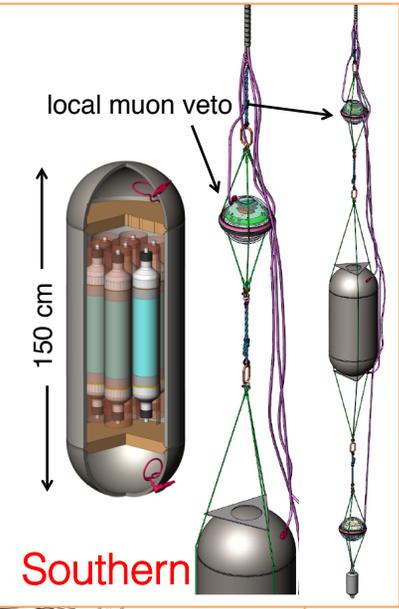
DM-Ice17
Determine feasibility



Southern

DM-Ice is a phased program that will run in both hemispheres to test the dark matter interpretation of the DAMA modulation

DM-Ice250
Set limits

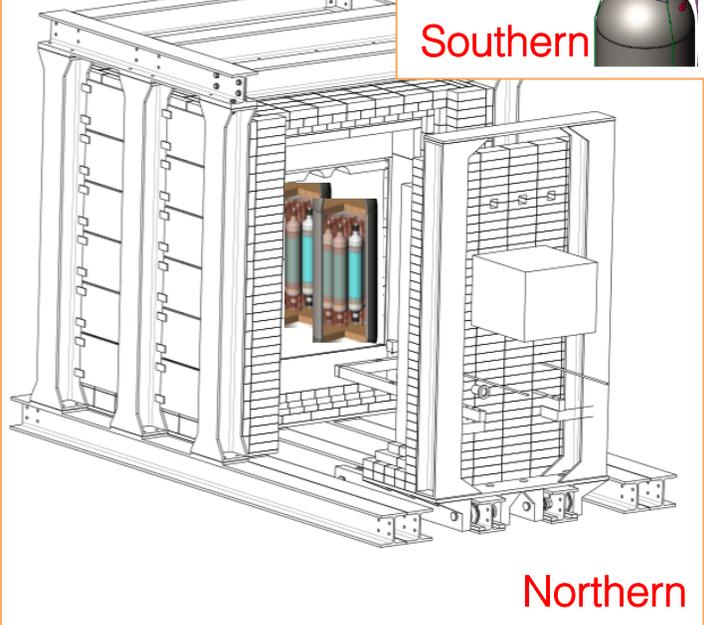


Southern

DM-Ice37
Detector R&D



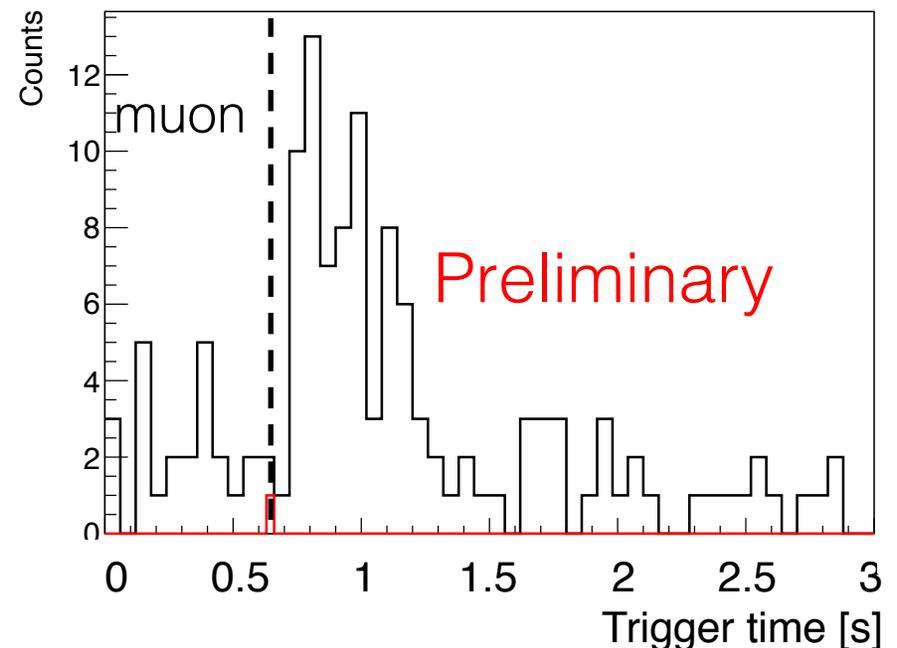
Northern



Northern

DM-Ice37 Phosphorescence

- 2-18.3 kg crystal running at Boulby
- Phosphorescence observed with R&D crystals
- ~300 ms decay
 - Longer time in ice likely from older crystals
 - Exposure to radiation can produce crystal defects and traps



Conclusions

- **DM-Ice17**
 - Muons can be identified in the crystal
 - IceCube coincidence has been successful
 - Phosphorescence must be monitored
- **Phosphorescence and dark matter**
 - Uncertainty in muon phase, amplitude
- **Boulby R&D is progressing swiftly**
 - Significant background reduction
 - Phosphorescence observed with significantly shorter lifetime



Questions?

Global NaI(Tl) Effort

DM-Ice

- Successful 17 kg detector
- Currently in R&D with 37 kg
- **Only Southern Hemisphere detector**
- Location: South Pole (2450 mwe), Boulby (2850 mwe)

KIMS

- CsI(Tl) experts
- Successful 17 kg detector
- Location: Y2K (700 mwe)

SABRE

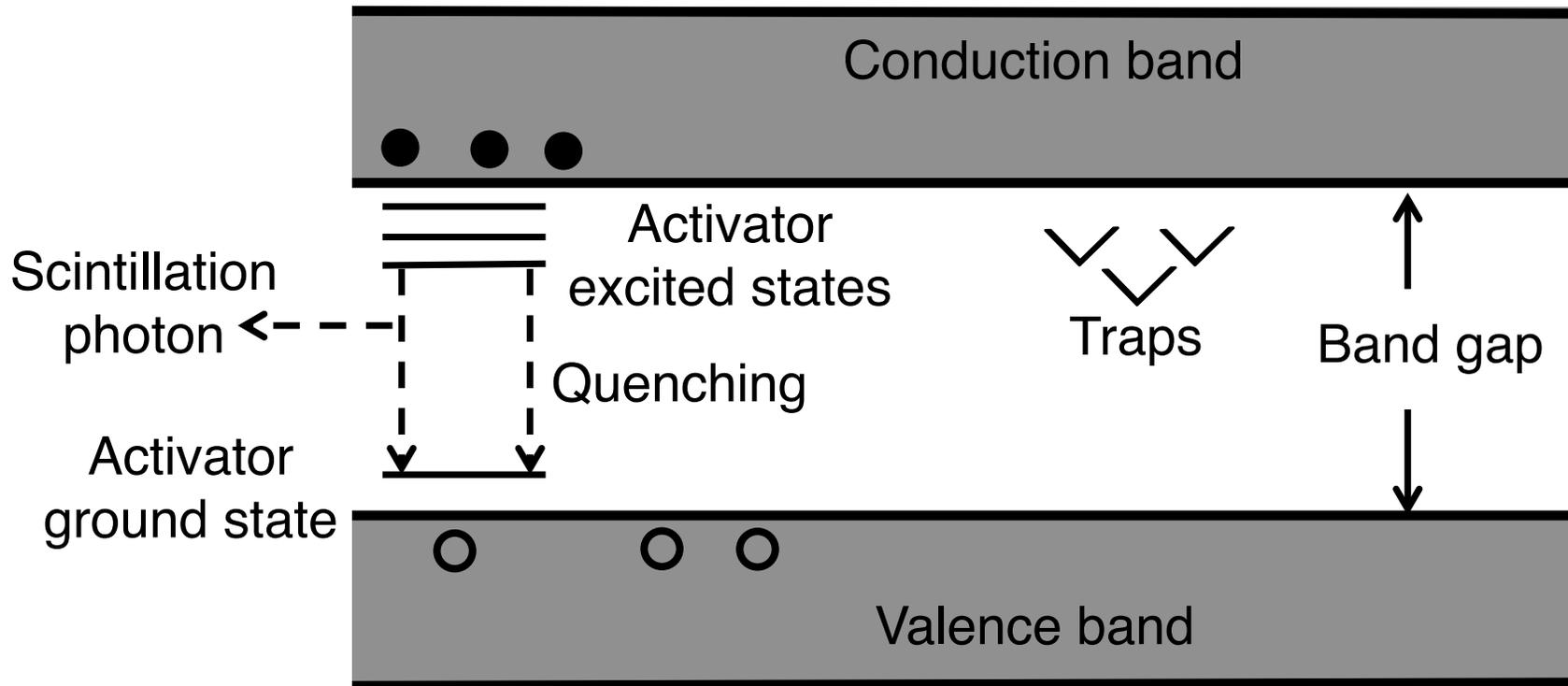
- Currently in R&D
- Only detector with liquid scintillator veto planned
- Location: LNGS (3450 mwe)

ANAIS

- Successful 10 and 25 kg detectors
- Currently in R&D with 37 kg
- Location: Canfranc (2450 mwe)

DM-Ice, KIMS, ANAIS: collective R&D effort with Alpha Spectra
All experiments: cooperative effort to prove/confirm DAMA,
including data comparison

Scintillation Mechanism

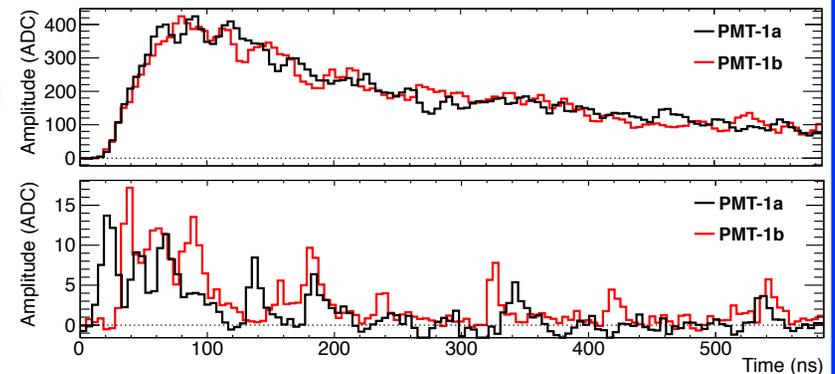


Event Types

Scintillation events

High energy: characteristic NaI(Tl) rise and fall time

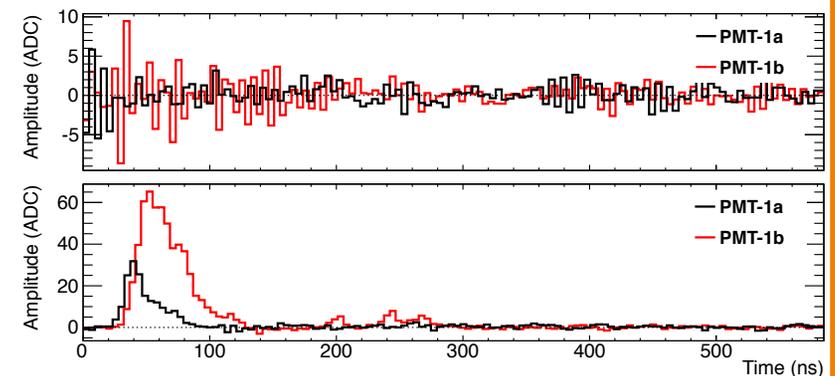
Low energy: series of single photoelectrons



Noise cuts

EMI cut: PSD removes EM interference (EMI)

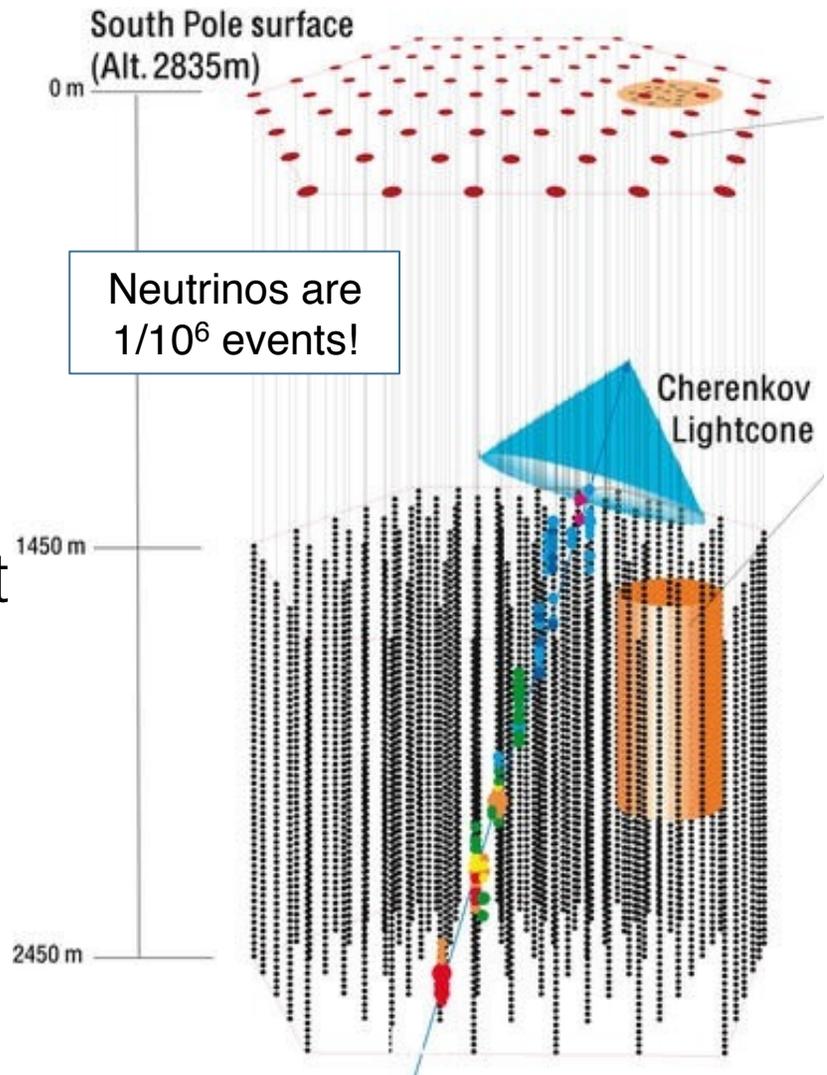
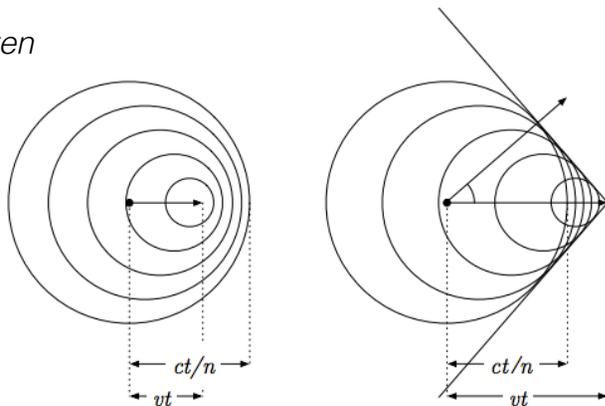
Number of peaks cut: require 5 peaks from each PMT, removing anomalously fast pulses



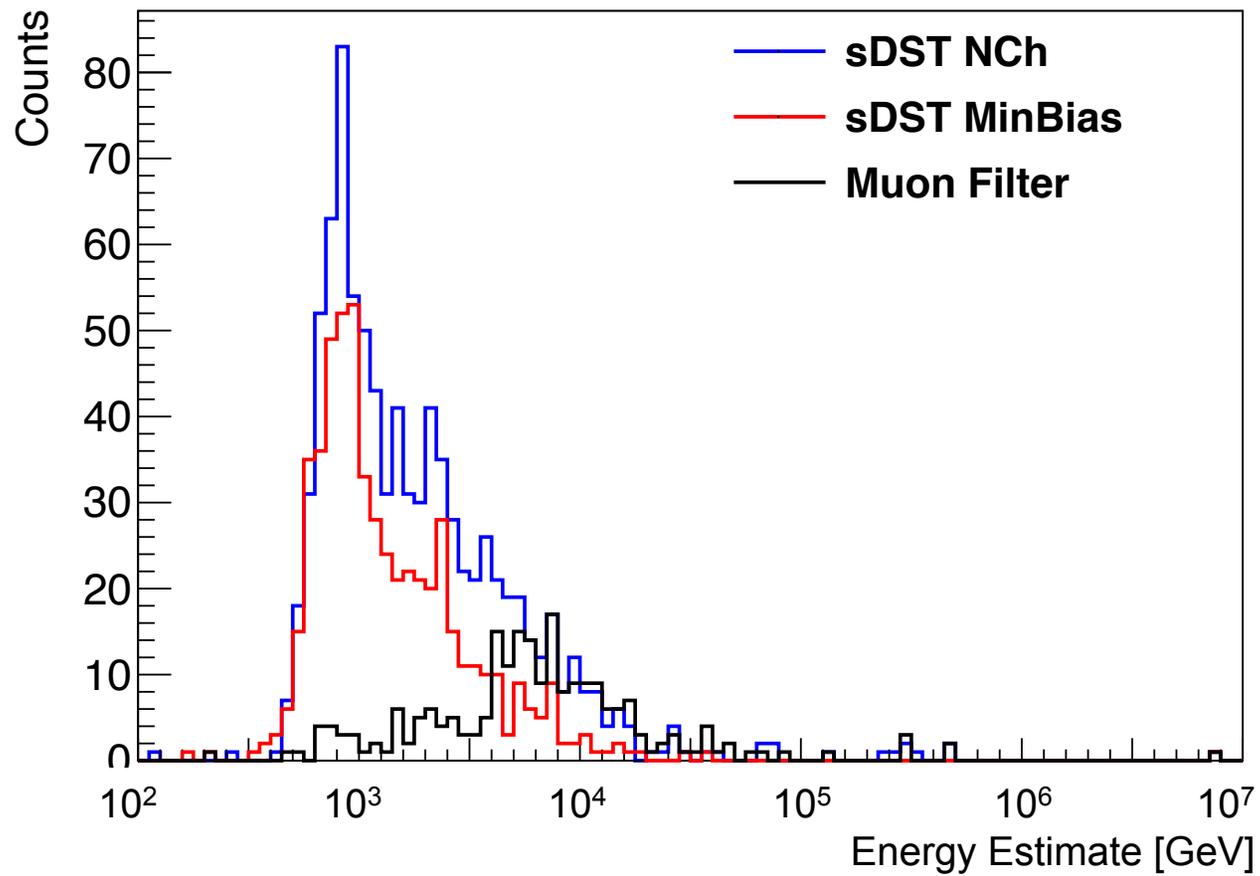
IceCube Neutrino Observatory

- 5160 PMTs in 1km³
 - 1500 – 2500 m deep
 - Neutrinos: up-going
 - Atm. muons: down-going
- Cherenkov light
 - Like a sonic boom of light

Image: van Santen

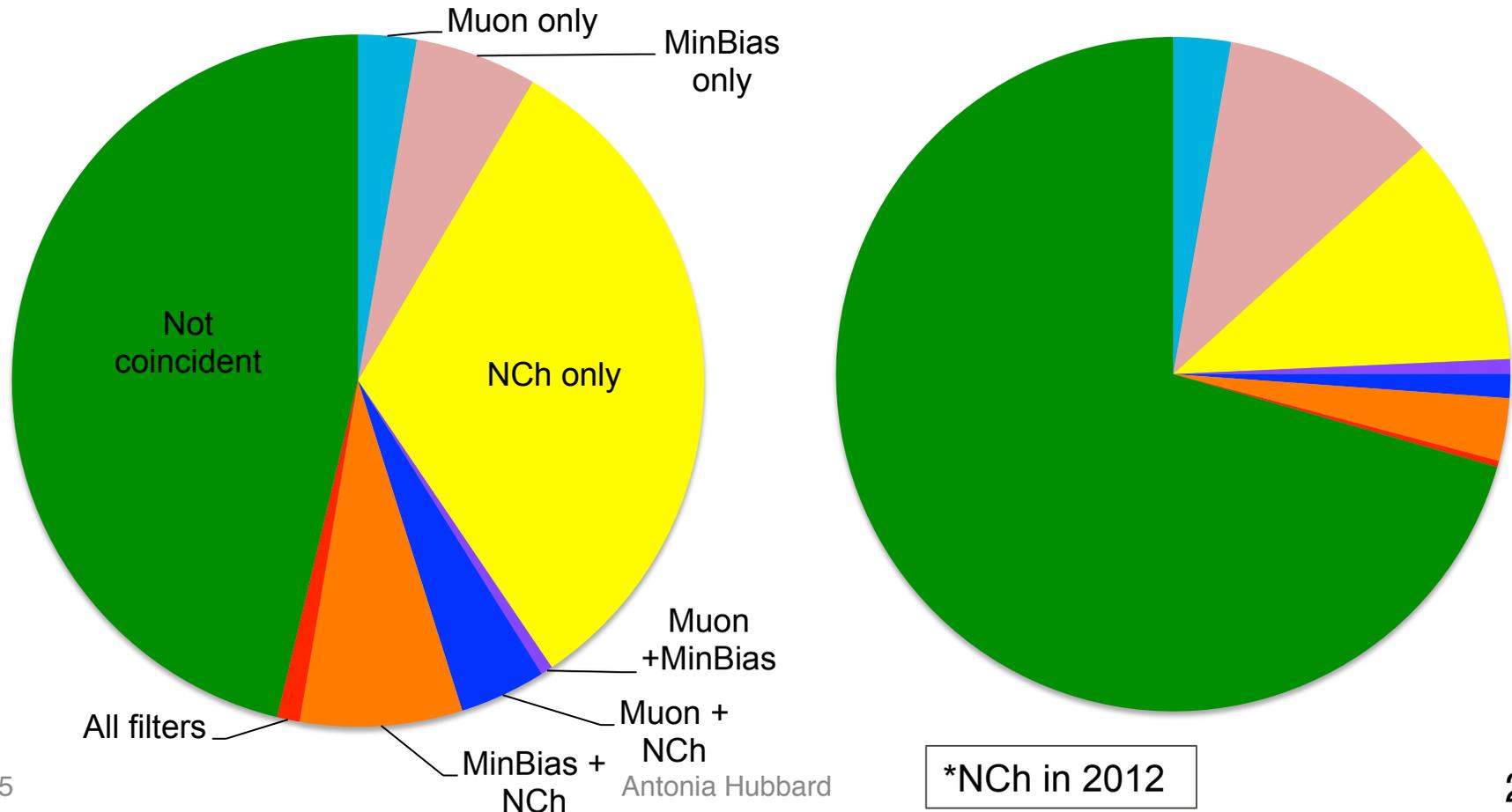


Filter Energies



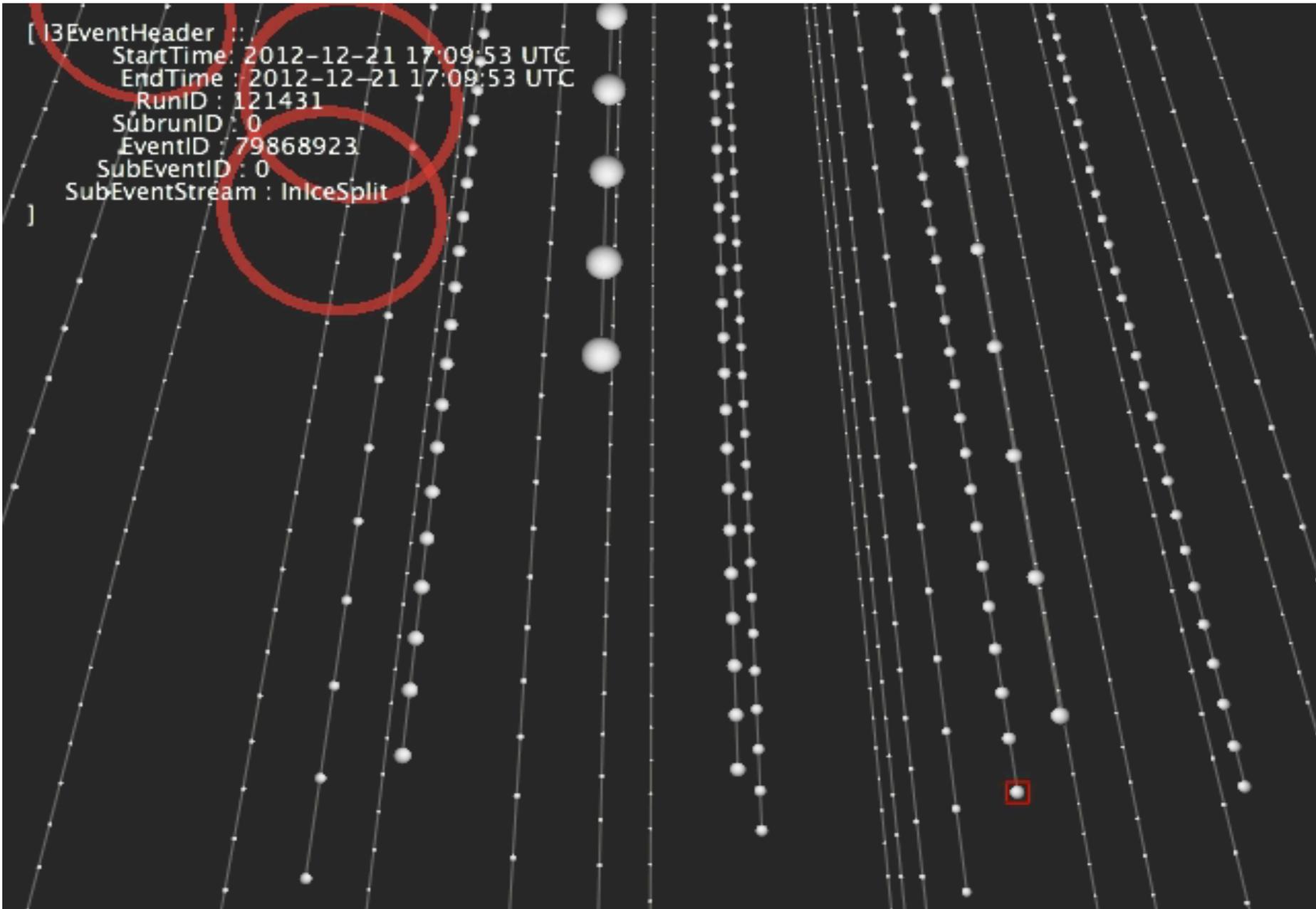
Coincidence Results: 2012-13

- DM-Ice17: 1666 coincident/3978 muons
 - Det-1: 1072/1981, Det-2: 594/1997

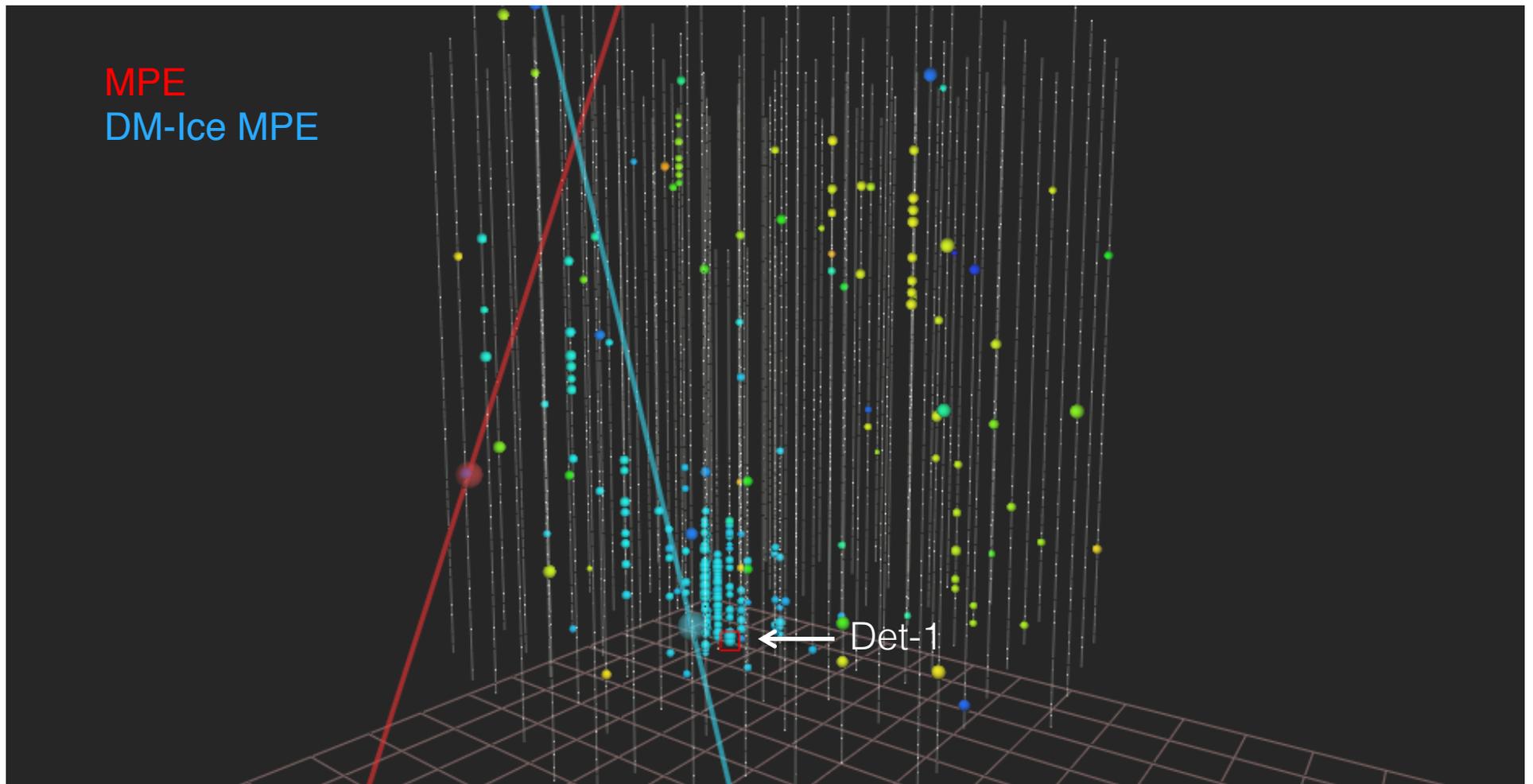


IceCube Data

- **Muon Filter: 34 Hz**
 - High energy events; expect ~5% coincidence
- **sDST MinBias: 454 Hz**
 - Every 5th event; expect ~20% coincidence
- **sDST NCh: 432 Hz**
 - Events with NCh > 25; expect ~90% coincidence
 - 2012 only
 - NCh saw 93(33)% coincidence with Det-1(2)



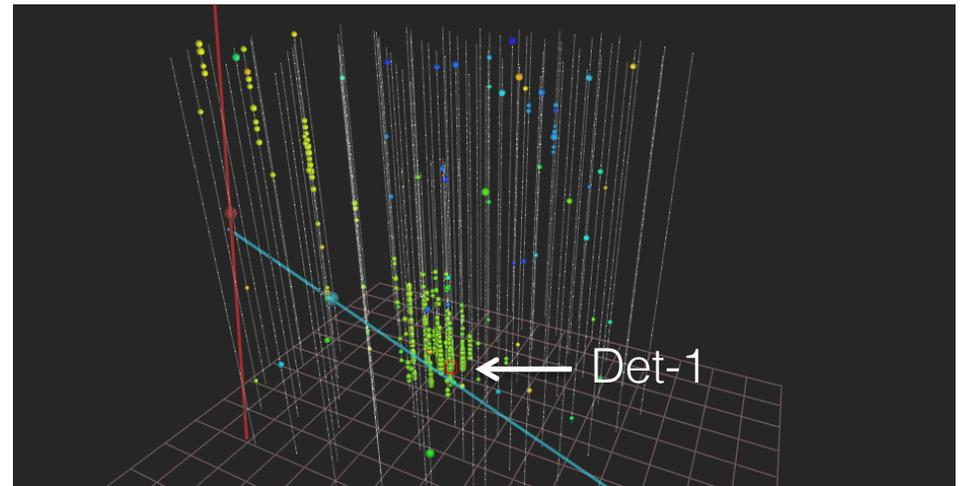
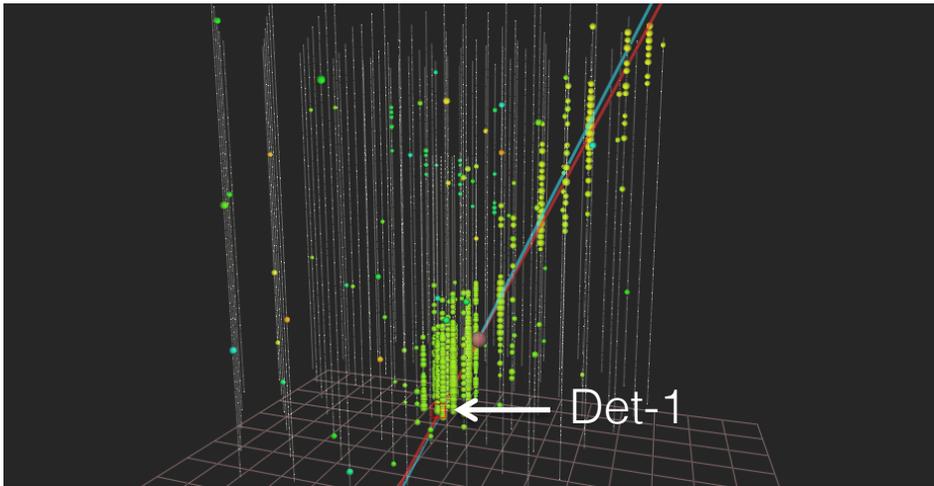
Fail MPE/Pass DM-Ice



Pass DM-Ice/Pass MPE

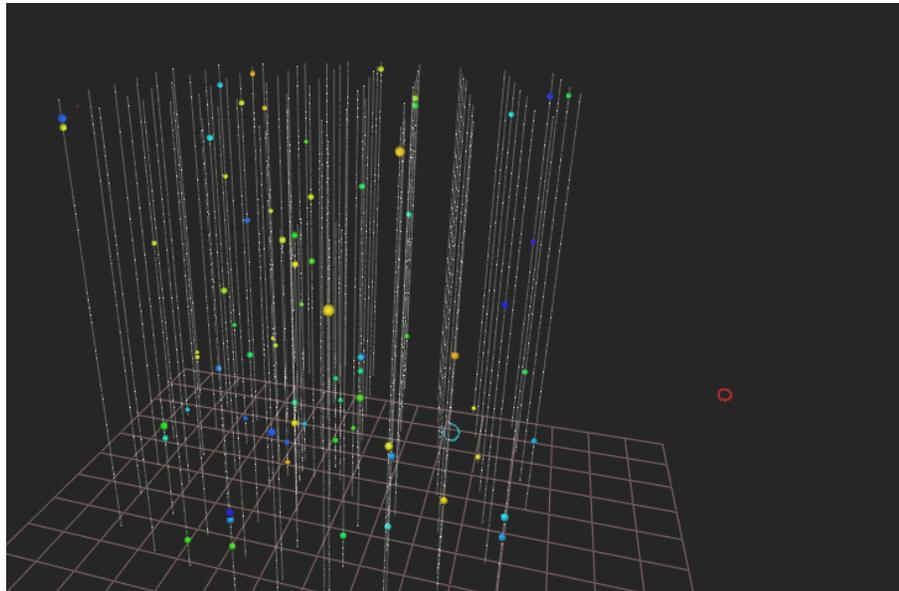
MPE

DM-Ice MPE

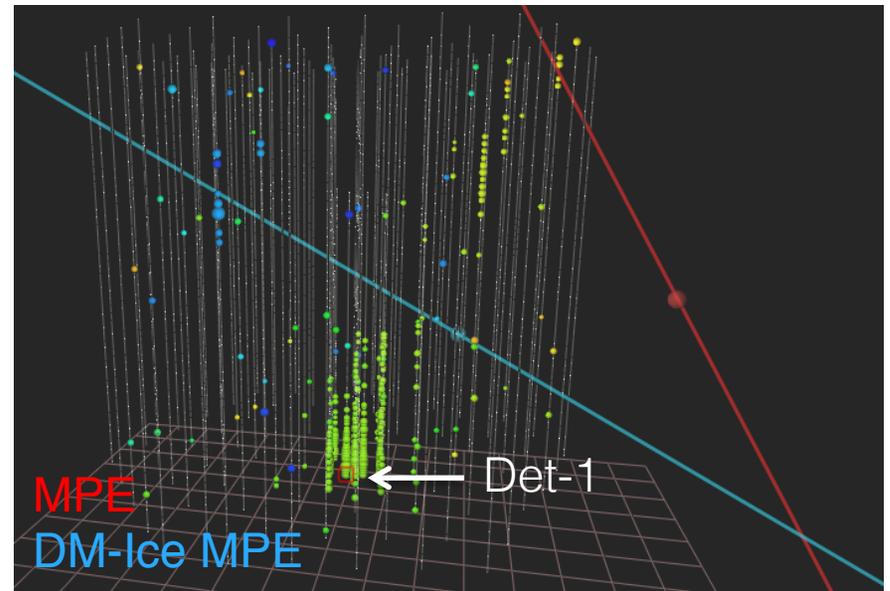


Fail MPE/Fail DM-Ice

Noise



Event-like



Summary 2012 + 2013

	# DM μ	# w/ IC (deadtime)	coincident	# Muon Filter	# sDST NChannel	# sDST MinBias
Det-1	1981	1952 (1.5%)	1072 (55%)	166 (8.5%)	887*(93%)	295 (15%)
Det-2	1997	1956 (2.1%)	594 (30%)	98 (5.0%)	309* (33%)	290 (15%)
Total	3978	3908 (1.8%)	1666 (43%)	264 (6.8%)	1196* (63%)	585 (15%)

*based on 2012 only (955 / 934 / 1889 events)

- **Muon Filter:** 34 Hz; high energy events
- **sDST MinBias:** 454 Hz; every 5th event
- **sDST NCh:** 432 Hz; all events with NCh>25

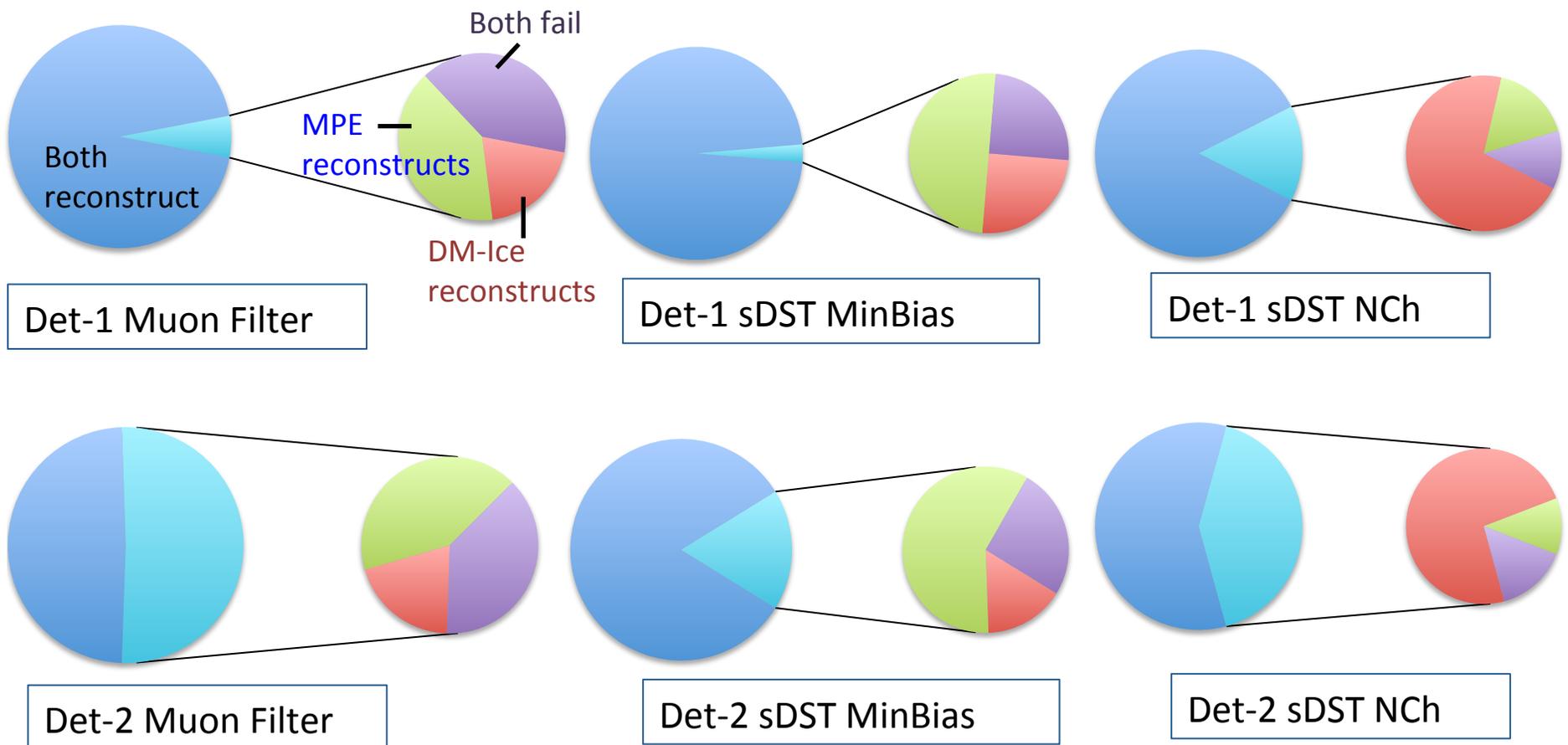
Misreconstructions

Improvement
from NCh only

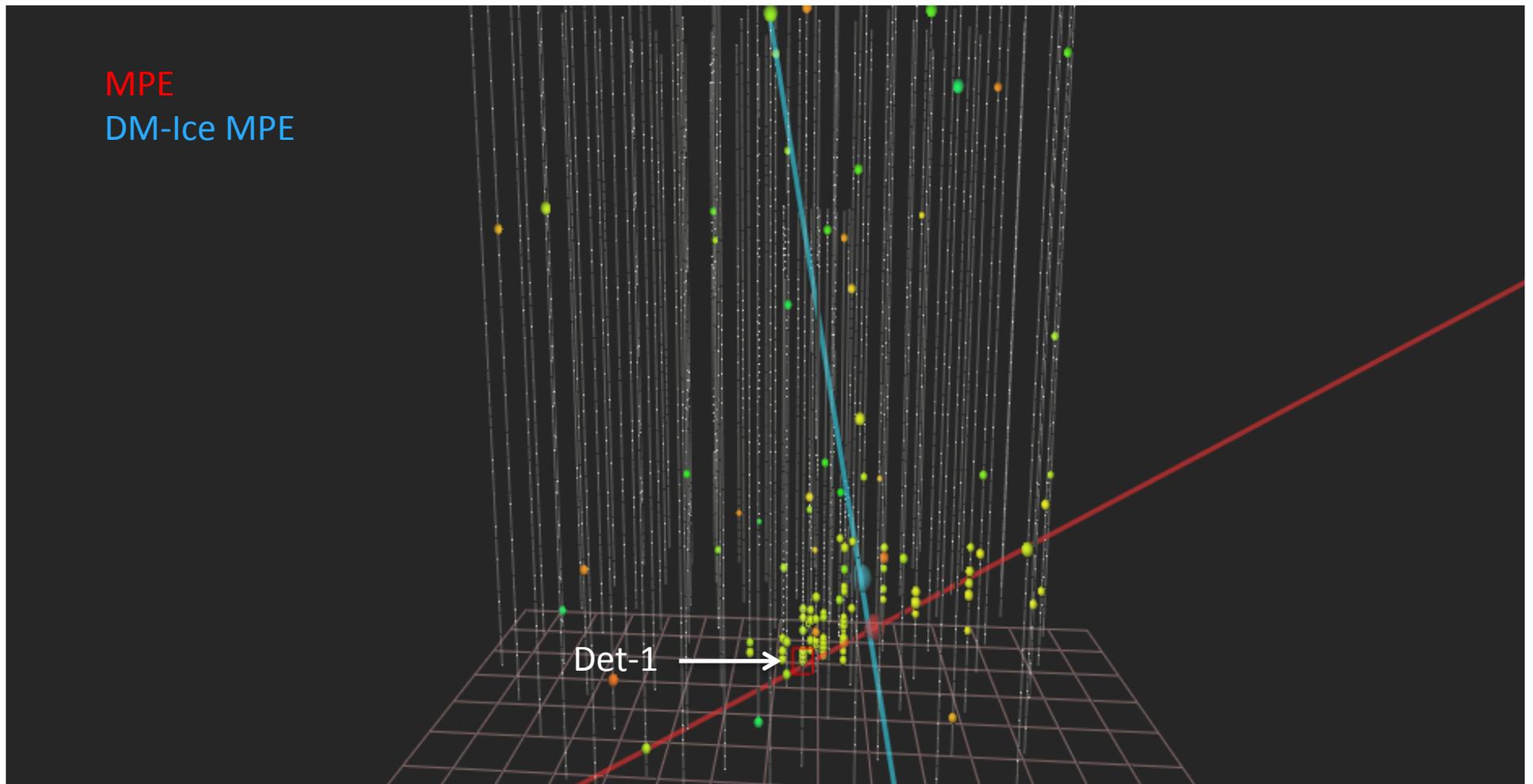
Detector	Zenith > 90°	Energy < 100GeV	Distance > 20m	Nan Reco
Det-1 Traditional	115 (10.7%)	62 (6.5%)	141 (15.8%)	5 (0.6%)
Det-1 DM-Ice seed	44 (4.1%)	23 (2.2%)	166 (16.5%)	0
Det-2 Traditional	145	23	94	1
Det-2 DM-Ice seed	100	22	111	0
Total Traditional	260	85	235	6
Total DM-Ice seed	144	45	277	0

Total number coincident: 1666 (43% coincident)
Expected accidental coincidence/crystal ~ 20

Misreconstructions: Zenith



Fail DM-Ice/Pass MPE

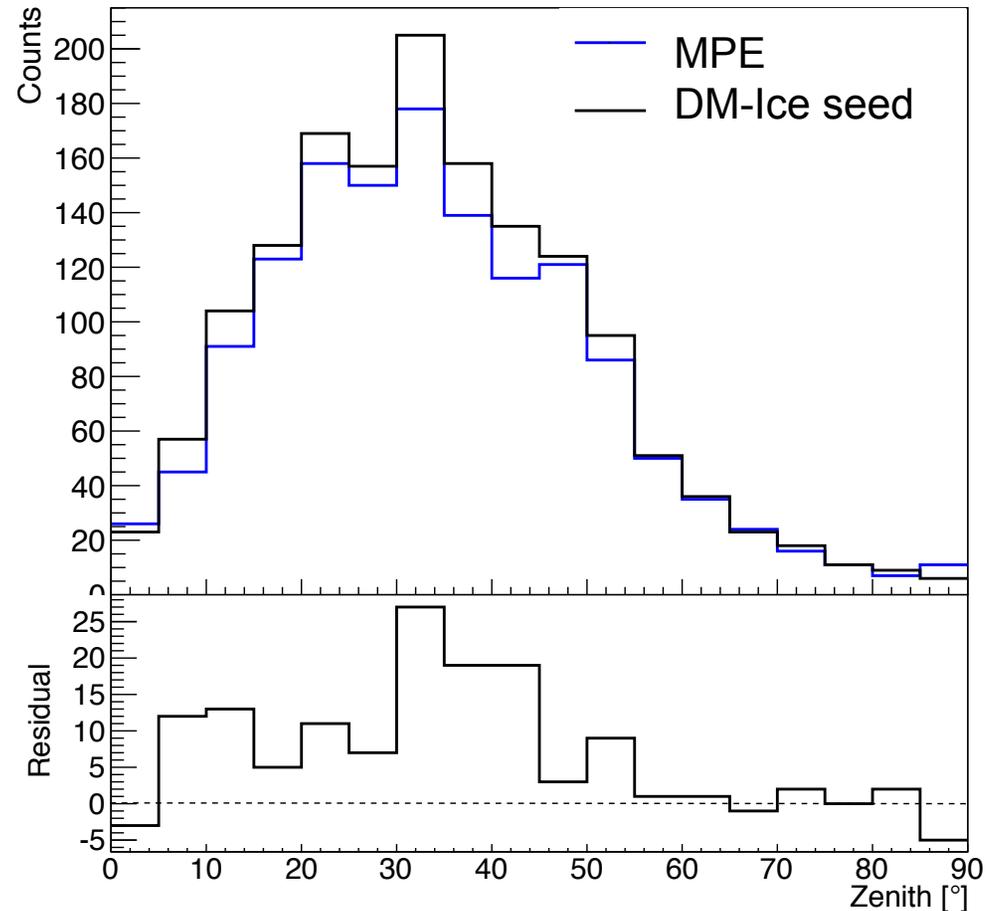
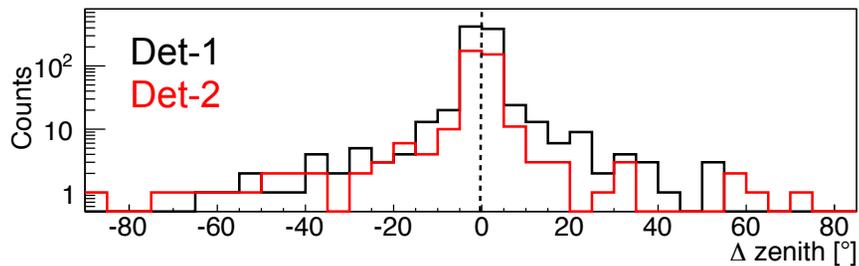


Misreconstruction conclusions

- DM-Ice seed helps low energy events
 - Less relevant for high energy
- Full likelihood may be required for improvement
 - Penalty for distance from DM-Ice
- *How does the DM-Ice seed change passing reconstructions?*

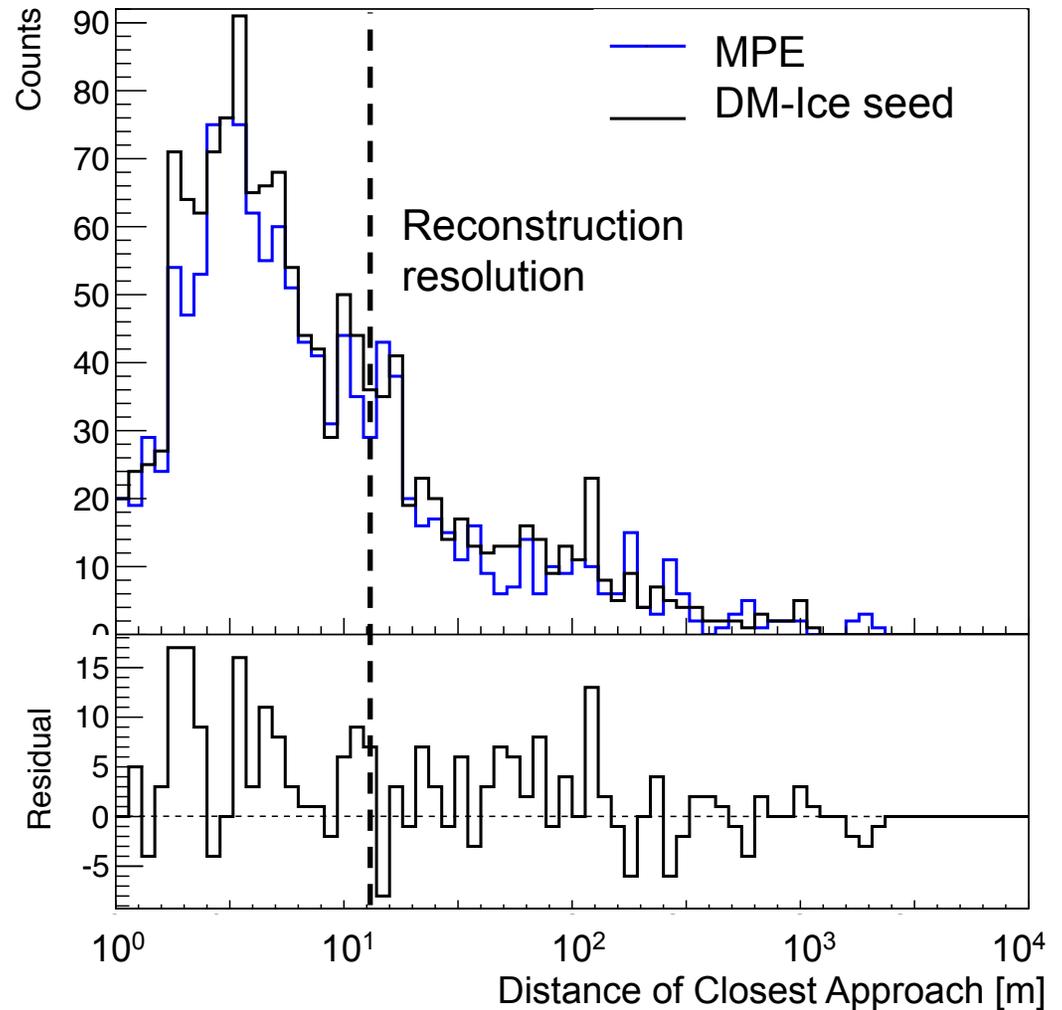
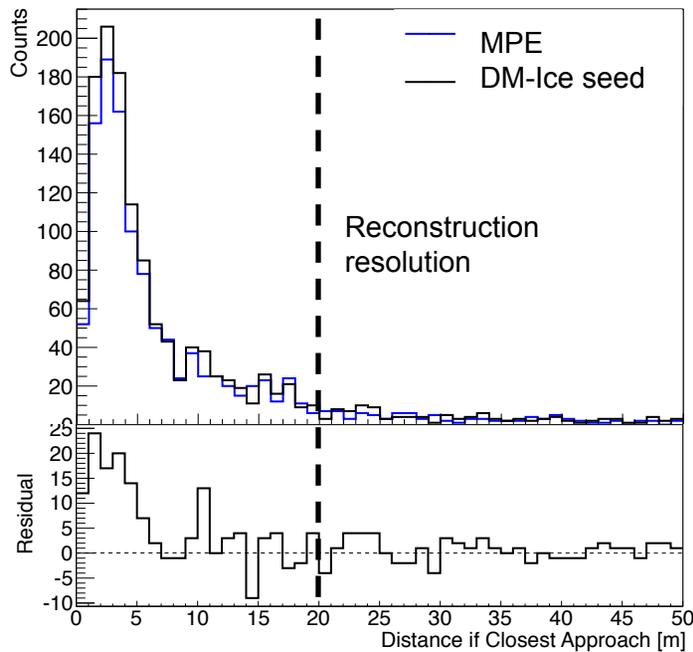
Reconstruction Comparisons

- Agreement between both seeds indicates both are reconstructing well

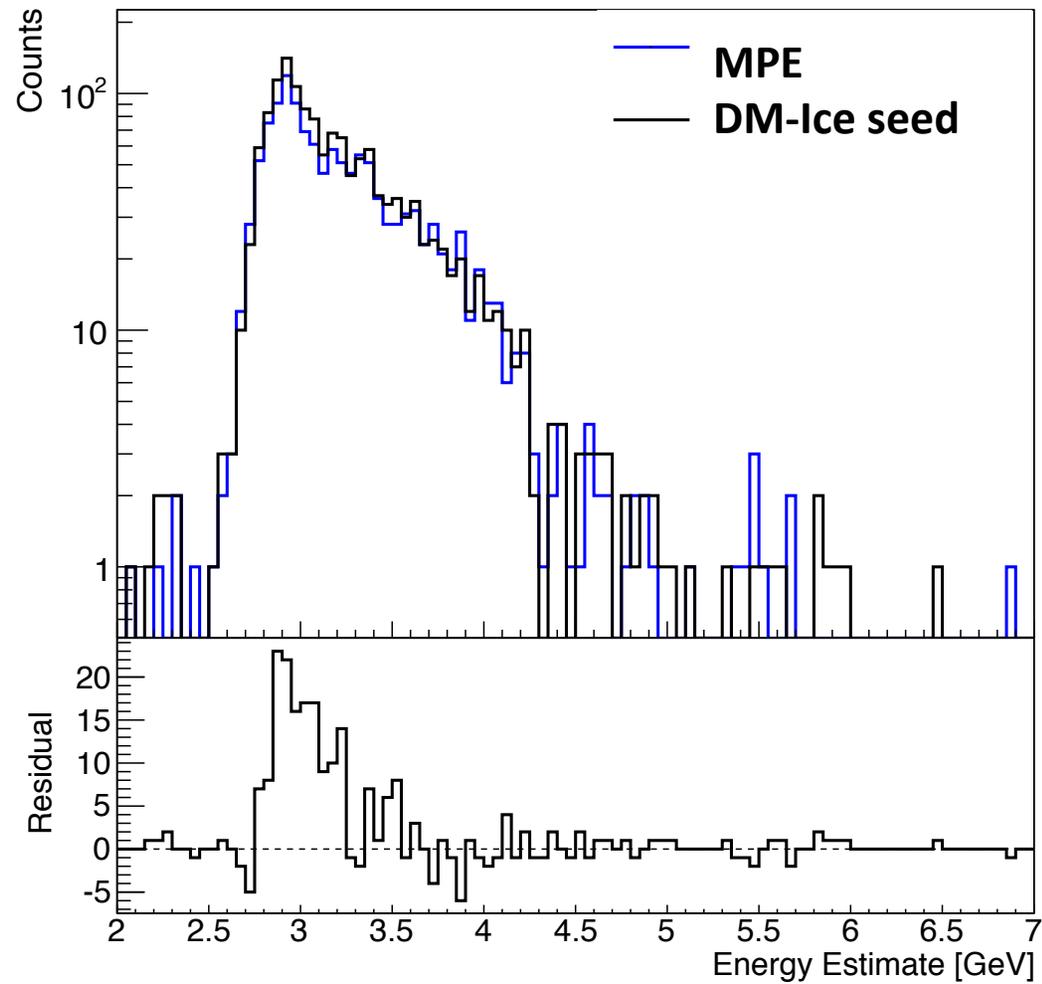


Reconstruction Comparisons

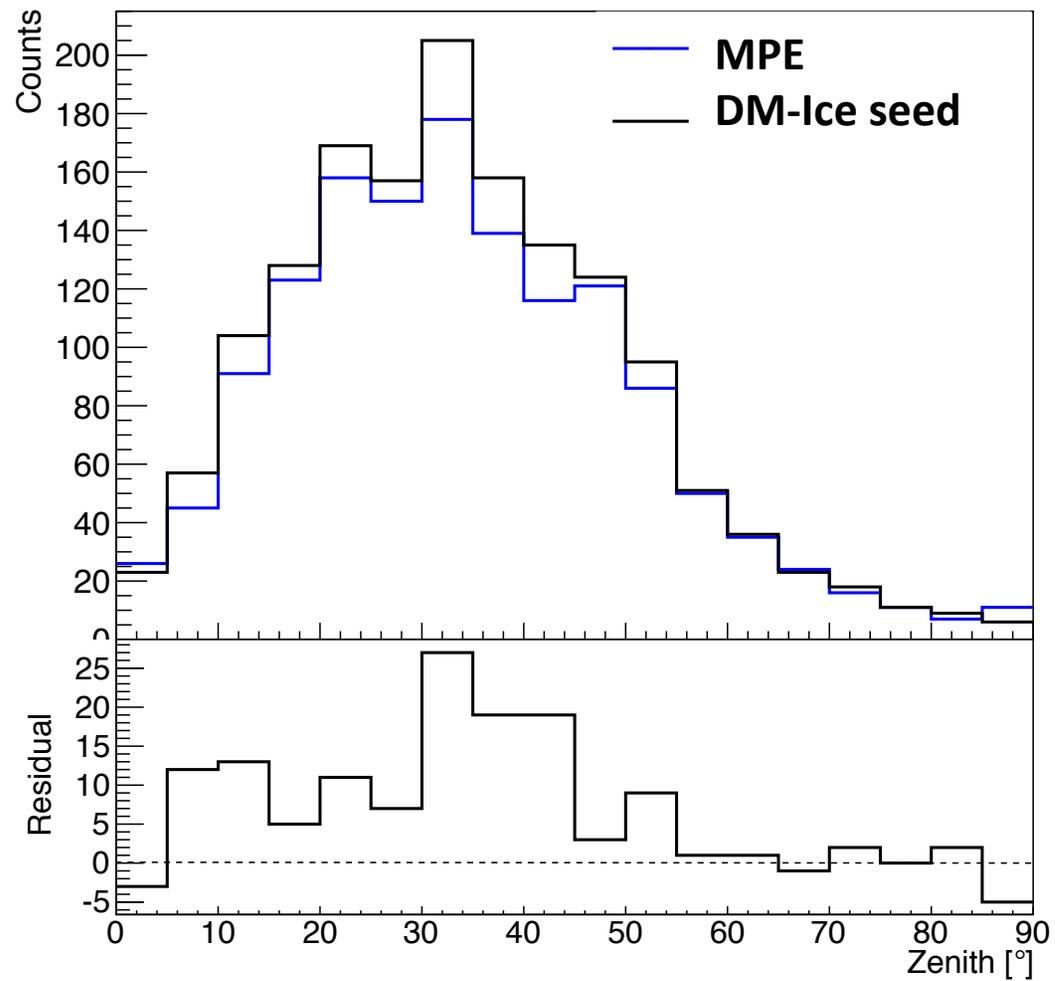
- Distance of closest approach indicates room for improvement



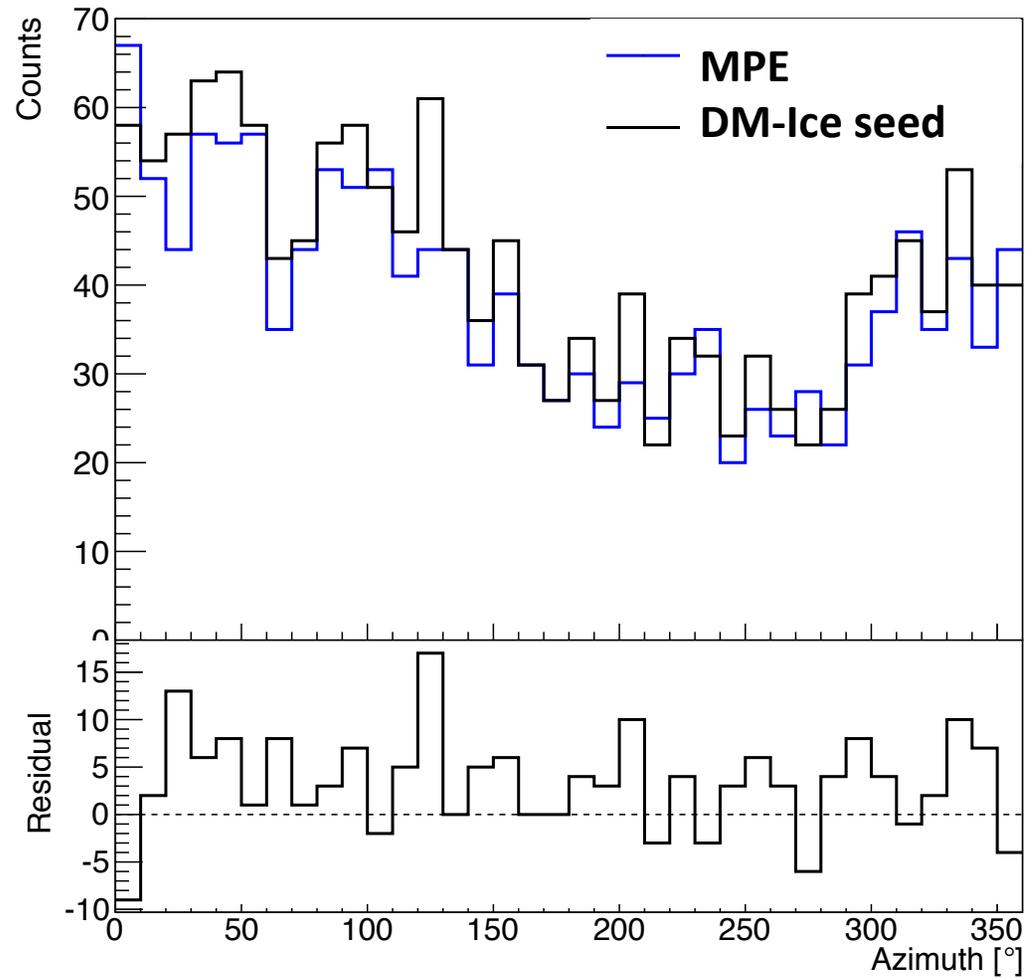
Energy Spectrum



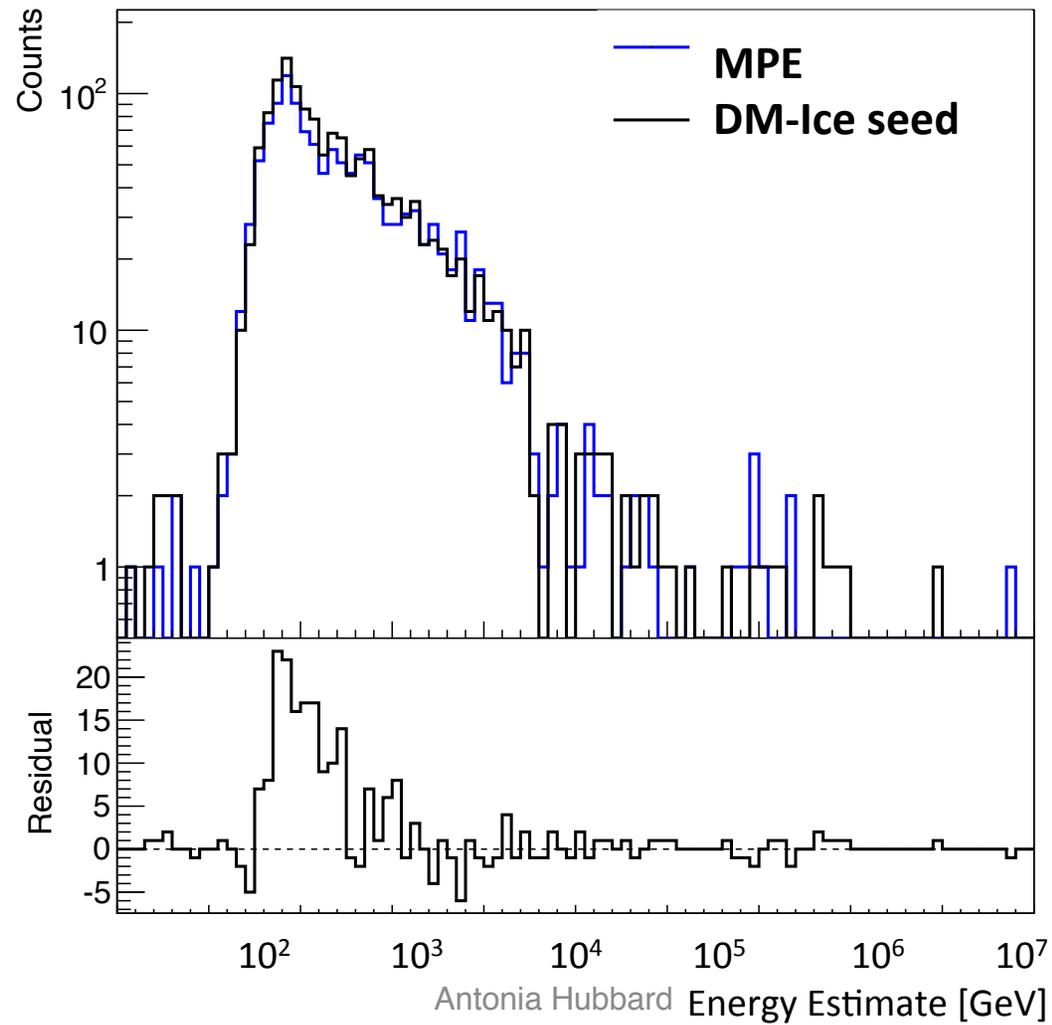
Zenith



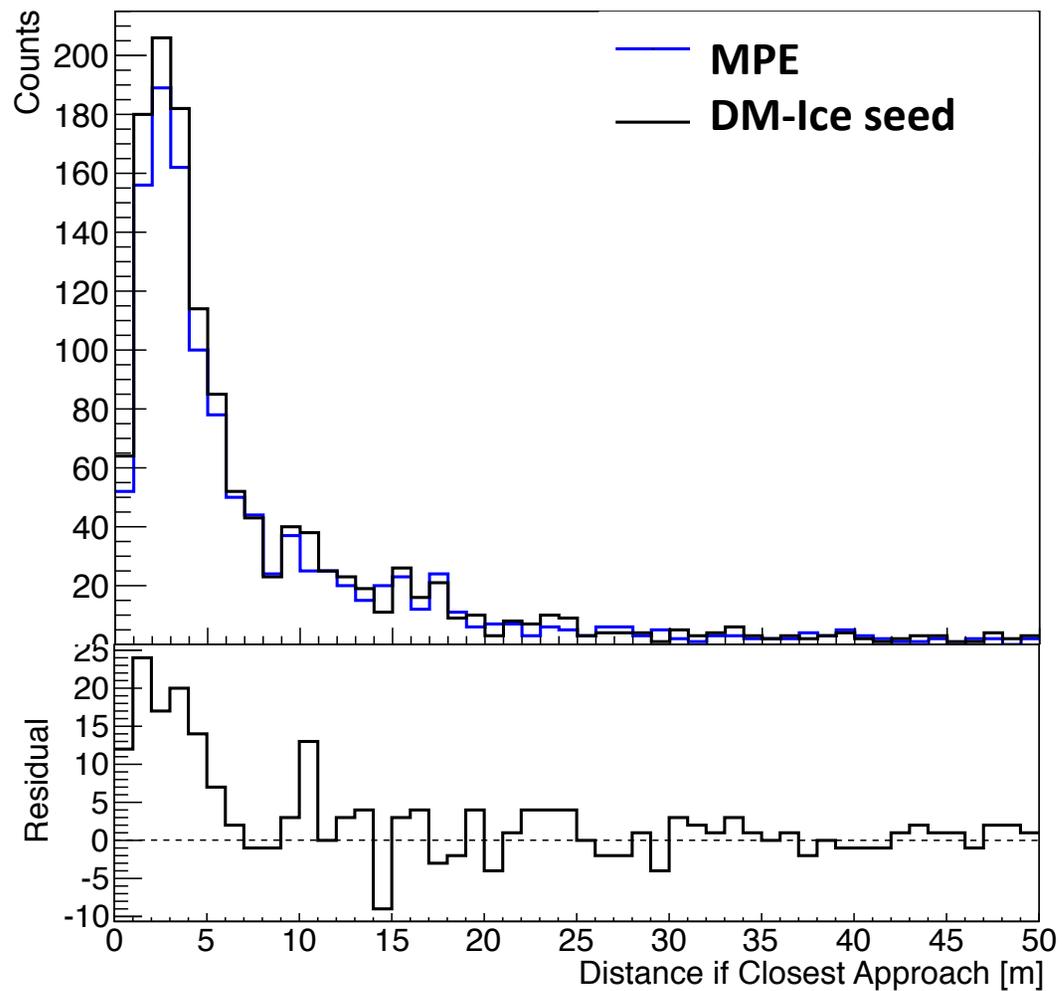
Azimuth



Energy



Distance



DM-Ice37

- Current R&D: 2-18.3 kg crystals running at Boulby
- Background reduction from DM-Ice/ANAIS/KIMS effort

Crystals	^{40}K [mBq/kg]	^{210}Pb [$\mu\text{Bq/kg}$]	^{228}Ra - ^{208}Tl
DM-Ice17	17	1500	160
DAMA	0.6	24.2	8.5
In progress	1.5	188	2



IPA 2015



Antonia Hubbard

DM-Ice37 Contamination

- Collective NaI(Tl) effort (DM-Ice, ANAIS, KIMS)
 - Goal set by DAMA: 1 dru in ROI
 - Currently: 3 dru above noise energies
 - Noise removal in progress
 - 3 mBq/kg ^{40}K , ^{210}Pb reduction in R&D

Significant improvements
in location and PMTs

